2013 Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update











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Water Supply Development

September 12, 2013
Governing Board Meeting



LEC Planning Area

Planning Horizon 2010 – 2030

- **▶** Population:
 - **2010** 5,637,725
 - **2030** 6,666,866

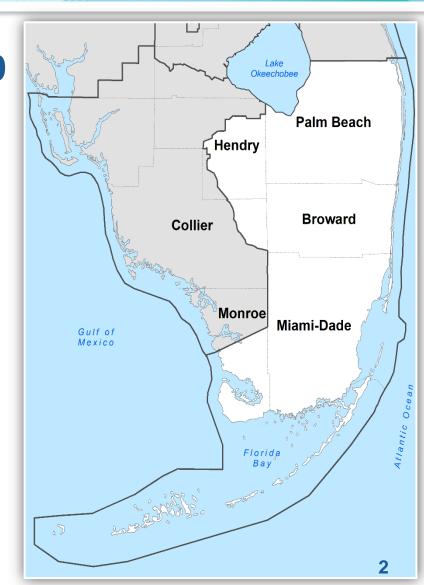
18% increase

- Irrigated agricultural acreage:
 - **2010** 575,316
 - **2030** 575,897

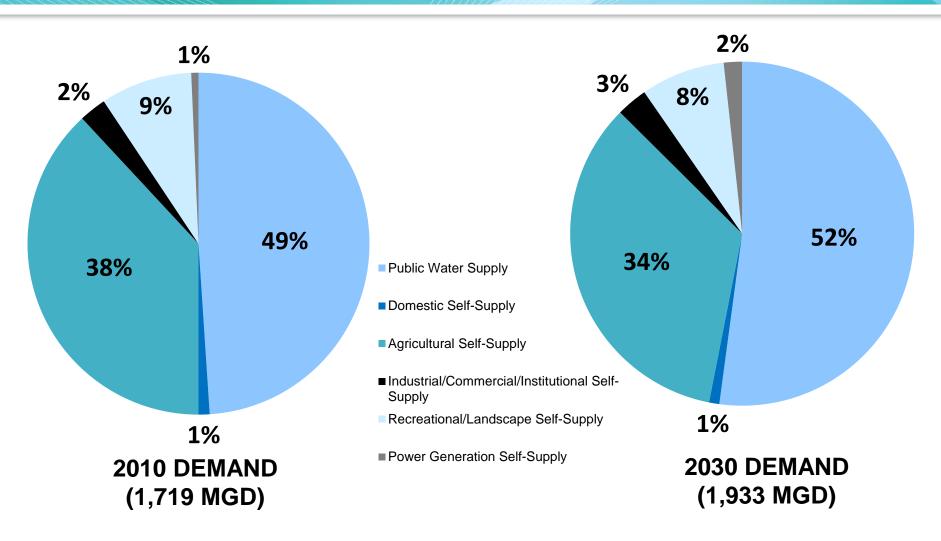
Slight increase (< 1%)

- Gross water demands:
 - 2010 1,719 MGD
 - 2030 1,933 MGD

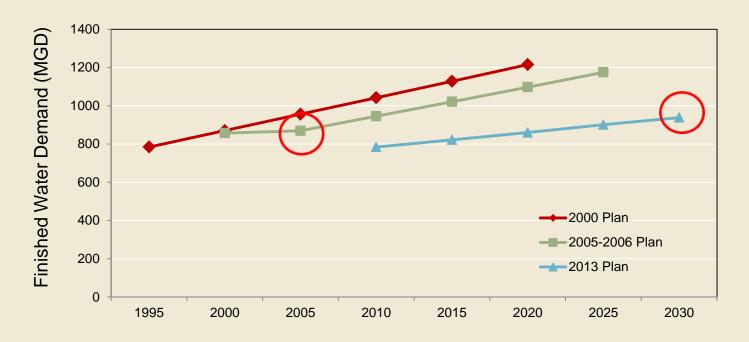
12% increase



2010 & 2030 Percentage of Use by Water Use Category



History of Public Water Supply Demand Projections (Finished Water)



Plan Year	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030
2000 Plan	784	870	956	1,042	1,128	1,215		
2005 Plan		857	(869	945	1,021	1,097	1,175	
2013 Plan				784	822	860	901	938

Water Source Options



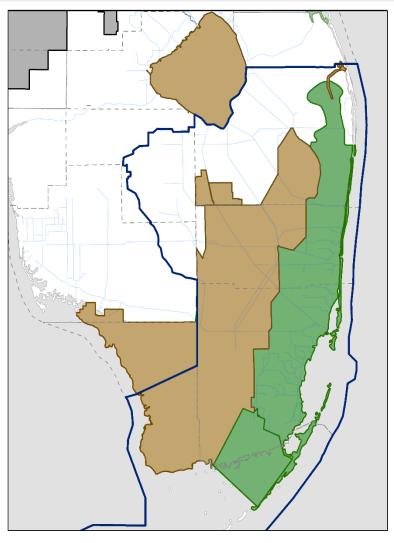
Environmental Water Needs



- Implementation of CERP and other projects
- Regulatory protection of water resources
 - Water Use Permitting Program
 - Minimum Flows and Levels*
 - Water Reservations
 - Restricted Allocation Area Rules
 - Water Shortage Criteria

* Recovery & prevention strategies rely on CERP implementation

LEC Minimum Flows and Levels (MFLs) Water Bodies



MFL Prevention Water Bodies

- Biscayne aquifer
- Northeastern Florida Bay

MFL Recovery Water Bodies*

- Northwest Fork of Loxahatchee River
- Lake Okeechobee
- Everglades (WCAs and ENP)

*Recovery and prevention strategies rely on CERP implementation

Table B-3. Capital projects that provide water supplies for MFL recovery and prevention strategies. ^a

MFL Water Body	Capital Projects	Program	Status	
	Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park	Department of Interior/USACE	Substantially complete	
	C-111 Spreader Canal Western	CERP/SFWMD	Operational testing	
	C-111 South Dade	SFWMD/USACE	Substantially complete	
	Broward County Water Preserve Area – WCA 3A/3B Seepage Management	CERP	Planning and design complete. Waiting for congressional authorization	
Everglades	Environmental Preserve at Marjory Stoneman Douglas Everglades Habitat ^d	CERP/SFWMD	Operational	
(including WCAs and Everglades National Park) — projects needed for MFL recovery	Fran Reich Preserve Reservoir	CERP	Under construction by USACE	
	Broward County Water Preserve Area — C-11 Impoundment	CERP	Planning and design complete. Waiting for congressional authorization	
	Broward County Water Preserve Area – C-9 Impoundment	CERP	Planning and design complete. Waiting for congressional authorization	
	WCA 3 Decompartmentalization and Sheetflow Enhancement	CERP	Draft PIR complete	
	EAA Storage Reservoir on EAA A2 Site	CERP	Draft PIR complete b	
	WCA 3B/Everglades National Park Seepage Management	CERP	Draft PIR complete b	
Lake Okeechobee –	Lake Okeechobee Watershed	CERP	To be determined	
projects needed for	Lake Okeechobee Watershed – Lakeside Ranch STA d	SFWMD	Phase I operational	
MFL recovery	USACE Herbert Hoover Dike Major Rehabilitation	USACE	2022 ^c	
Loxahatchee River -	Loxahatchee River Watershed Restoration	CERP	Planning initiated	
projects needed for MFL recovery	Loxahatchee River Watershed Restoration – G-160 and G-161 Structures ^d	CERP/SFWMD	Operational	
IVII E TCCOVCT y	Interim Use of L-8 Site	SFWMD	Operational	
Florido Poy	Everglades National Park Seepage Management	CERP	Draft PIR complete ^b	
Florida Bay – projects needed for MFL prevention	WCA 3 Decompartmentalization and Sheetflow Enhancement	CERP	Draft PIR complete ^b	
14.11 E prevention	C-111 Spreader Canal Western ^d	CERP/SFWMD	Operational testing	

- a. MFL rules identify the general programs that will be used to develop and implement prevention or recovery, rather than specific projects. The potential role of specific projects to address MFL water needs is generally considered in the respective MFL technical supporting documentation.
- o. Component of Central Everglades Planning Project.
- c. Time shown is for rehabilitation of Reaches 1, 2, and 3, which may be sufficient to allow additional storage in Lake Okeechobee necessary to prevent MFL violations.
- d. CERP project initiated by SFWMD.

Updated MFL Recovery and Prevention Strategies Projects

Future Direction (Excerpts)

- Continue aquifer monitoring program
- Construct CERP and related projects
- Promote local storage projects
- Continue to evaluate the feasibility of the C-51 Reservoir Project
- Promote water reuse and conservation measures
- Implement projects to comply with 2008 Ocean Outfall Act
- Identify the potential impact of sea level rise on utilities and other users
- Complete East Coast Floridan Model
- Coordinate with local governments and utilities on water supply related elements



Written Comments Received on June 5 Draft From...

- Sunrise Utilities
- Miami-Dade WASD
- ► FPL
- Pompano Beach
- Dept of the Interior
- ▶ Sierra Club
- **▶** Palm Beach Cty Utilities
- Miramar Utilities
- **▶ Village of Pinecrest**
- ► Hallandale Beach
- ▶ USACE Recover

- ► Ft. Lauderdale Utilities
- ► Hallandale Beach
- Broward County Utilities
- ► FDACS
- Seminole Tribe
- Broward Cty Env Protection& Growth Mgmt Dept
- ▶ FDEP
- ► FKAA
- EnvironmentalOrganizations (16)

Summary of Comments Received on June 5 Draft

Natural Systems

- ► Concern of meeting MFLs and implementation of recovery strategies
- Review 2008 LORS and Adaptive Protocols
- **▶** CERP construction not expeditious
- ► Protection of water for Biscayne Bay
- Include environmental restoration water use category

Conservation

- **▶** Enforcement of conservation ordinances
- ► Need goal-based approach in future
- Funding





Summary of Comments Received on June 5 Draft (cont.)

Water Sources

- ► Effect of 2008 LORS on agricultural water availability
- Approach for reuse substitution credits and offsets
- ▶ Floridan aquifer modeling needed
- Funding

Other

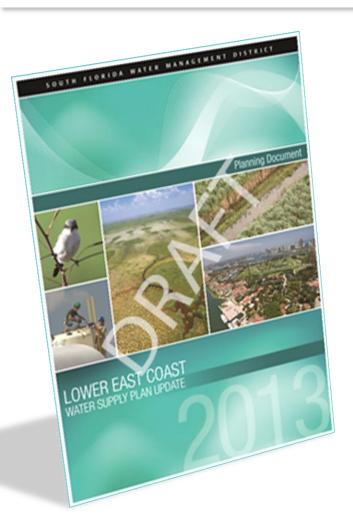
- More robust planning for climate change
- Central Everglades Planning Project
- ► Include C-51 Reservoir Project





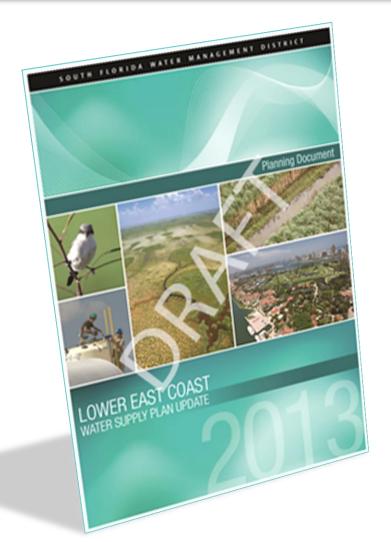


Conclusions



- Meeting the 1:10 level of service for all water users and achieving all MFLs is not likely within the next 5 years
- ► CERP implementation and other projects will be necessary to meet environmental needs
- Public Water Supply utilities can meet 2030 demands by implementing only 2 additional water supply projects
- Additional water from Lake Okeechobee from operational flexibility within the existing LORS08 schedule, or a revised regulation schedule subsequent to HHD repairs could return the Lake to an MFL prevention status, enhance existing permitted users level of service and support environmental needs

Bottom Line



The future water demands of the region can be met through the 2030 planning horizon with appropriate management, conservation and implementation of projects in this Plan

Requirement: Link Land Use and Water Supply Planning (Ch 163, F.S.)



After the District updates the Water Supply Plan:

- All local governments must amend their comprehensive plan to incorporate a water supply facilities work plan within 18 months of Water Supply Plan Update
- Utilities identify the projects to be developed
- Utility Annual Progress Reports

Staff Recommendation

THE GOVERNING BOARD ISSUE A FINAL ORDER APPROVING THE 2013 LOWER EAST COAST WATER SUPPLY PLAN UPDATE.

